Manoura University
Faculty of Engineering
Engineering Specific Programs
Fall Semester 2015/2016
Course Title: Physics-1



BCE, MTE, BME & CIE
Final Exam (50%)
Time: 2 hours
Date: 9th January 2016

### **Answer All Questions**

### Questions No. 1: (12 Marks)

1-a) Write down the basic idea for making the following thermometers: (i) Constant volume gas thermometer (ii) Bimetallic thermometer (iii) Resistance thermometer (3 Degrees)

1-b) Draw the heating curve of water.

(2 Degrees)

1-c) Express only without proving the work done by an ideal gas during the following processes: (اكتب المعادلة فقط لكل إجراء) (i) Constant volume process (ii) Constant pressure process (iii) Isothermal process

1-d) A steel rod is fixed from its two ends at 25 °C. If its temperature is deceased to -15 °C, what is type and magnitude of the stress developed in the rod. Take the thermal expansion coefficient for steel is  $12 \times 10^{-6}$  °C<sup>-1</sup> and Young's modulus  $2 \times 10^{11}$  Pa. (4 Degrees)

# Questions No. 2: (13 Marks)

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2-a) A metal rod is 10 cm long and cross sectional area 3 cm<sup>2</sup>. One end is in contact with steam at 100 °C while the other end contacts a block of ice at 0 °C. In a time 15 minutes 250 g of ice melts. Calculate the thermal conductivity of the metal. Consider heat flows only from end to end. Take the latent heat of fusion of ice is  $3.334 \times 10^5$  J/Kg. (5 Degrees)

c) An ideal gas is taken through a Carnot cycle. If the gas above is 1000 for hear franciscours on

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## Mechanical properties of metals and waves (1st term)

### Question 3: (12 marks)

- (a) A massive object of m = 5 kg oscillates with simple harmonic motion. Its position as a function of time varies according to the equation:  $X(t) = 2 \sin [(\pi/2) t + \pi/6) m$ . (i) What is the position and velocity of the object at t = 0 s? (ii) What is the maximum kinetic energy of the object? (iii) If the object is then oscillating in an oil with damping constant b = 10 kg/s, find the amplitude after 1.5 s.
- (b) The following data for the length of rubber are obtained as a function of the load ( mass ) suspended from the end of the strip (  $3.0 \text{ mm} \times 3.0 \text{ mm}$  cross section ):

Load, kg 0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0

Length, cm 15.0 16.8 18.6 20.7 23.4 26.4

(i) Draw the stress-strain curve.

(iii) Determine the percent elongation.

(ii) Determine the approximate value of yield strength.

(6 marks)

### Question 4: (13 marks)

(a) A standing wave is described by the following equation:

 $Y(x,t) = (2.0 \text{ cm}) [\sin (20 \text{ m}^{-1}) \text{ x}] \cos (150 \text{ t})$ . (i) What is the position of the 3<sup>rd</sup> antinodes?

- (ii) Write the equations of the two waves that make this standing wave. (iii) Find the amplitude at x=15cm
- (b) A person in a parked car ( $\omega \omega$ ) sounds the horn. The frequency of the horn's sound is 290 Hz. A driver in an approaching car measures the frequency of the sound coming from the parked car to be 316.0 Hz. What is the speed of the approaching car? ( $V_{sound} = 343 \text{ m/sec}$ ) (4 marks)
- (e) The explosion of a firecracker (صوت العجل) in the air at a height of 40 m produces a 100 dB complexed at the ground below. What is the instantaneous total radiated power, assuming that it