



Course Name: Optoelectronics
Course Code: ECE491
Autumn Semester Exam.
BME Program
Level 300
Exam Date: 17 -12-2017
Allowed Time: 2 Hours



Question One (25 mark)

Q.1.a) Drive an expression for the ratio between Einstein's stimulated emission coefficient to spontaneous emission coefficient? And how to make the stimulated emission is dominant? [5 Marks]

Q.1.b) A photodiode has a quantum efficiency of 65% when photons of energy 1.5×10^{-19} J are incident upon it. [5 Marks]

(a) At what wavelength is the photodiode operating?

(b) Calculate the incident optical power required to obtain a photocurrent of $2.5 \mu\text{A}$ when the photodiode is operating as described above.

Q.1.c) Briefly explain the differences between two level, three level and four level system for lasing emission? [5 Marks]

Q.1.d) Define longitudinal and transverse modes in LASER device? [5 Marks]

Q.1.e) An injection laser has an active cavity with losses of 30 cm^{-1} and the reflectivity of the each cleaved laser facet is 30%. Determine the laser gain coefficient for the cavity when it has a length of $600 \mu\text{m}$. [5 Marks]

Question Two (25 mark)

Q.2.a) A He-Ne laser, operating at 632.8 nm has an output power of $P=1 \text{ mW}$. The power in the cavity is $99P$. a- Calculate the ratio between Einstein's stimulated emission coefficient to spontaneous emission coefficient? b- Refractive index of medium c- Determine the cavity gain if losses inside the cavity is 20 cm^{-1} and the frequency separation is 3 GHz . d- What is the effective blackbody temperature of laser beam in cavity if the radiation spectral density is $2.8 \times 10^{-12} \text{ J} \cdot \frac{\text{s}}{\text{m}^3}$. e- Estimate the ratio between Einstein's stimulated emission coefficient to stimulated absorption coefficient if the degeneracies in lower and upper level are 41 and 43 respectively. [6 Marks]